





## Networking in Extreme Environments

# **Example UWB Systems**

Link Budget Calculations

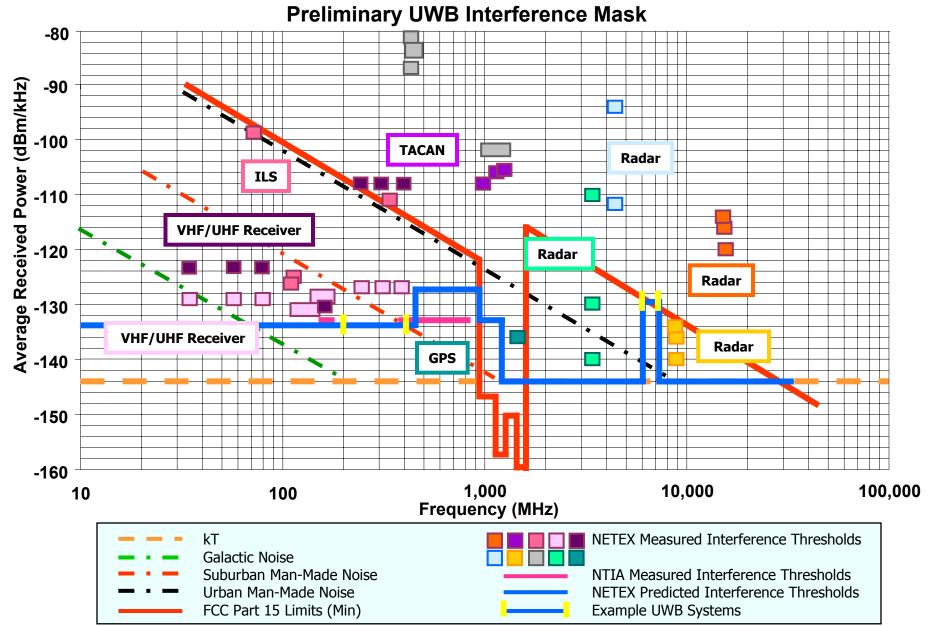
7 April Industry Day Workshop

Dr. William Duff



# Interference Study







# Operational Parameters for Example Systems



SYSTEM TYPE	HAND HELD	HIGH DATA/ SHORT RANGE	RADAR 1 m <sup>2</sup> TARGET	RADAR PERSONNEL 1 m <sup>2</sup>
POWER dBm	14	10	40	50
RANGE Meters	500	100	100	100 Foliage 10% of Range*
DATA RATE	10 Kbps	10 Mbps	10 Kpps	100 pps
FREQUENCY	200 – 400 MHz	6 -7 GHz	6 – 7 GHz	700 – 1000 MHz
BANDWIDTH	200 MHz	1 GHz	1 GHz	300 MHz
SIGNAL/NOISE dB	10	7	2	6.6
INTERFERENCE/ NOISE dB	6 @20 m	-9 @10 m	- 21 @10 m	20 @10 m

One Way Foliage Loss = 0.2 F0.3 R0.6 = 0.2 (850)0.3(10)0.6= 0.2(7.57)(3.98) = 6.0 dB Round Trip Foliage Loss = 12 dB



# Link Budget and EMI Analysis



#### **Link Budget:**

$$S/N = P_T + G_T - L_T - L + G_R - L_R - P_N$$

#### Free Space Propagation Loss: ---- Plane Earth Propagation Loss:

$$L = (-28 + 20 \text{ Log F} + 20 \text{ Log D})$$
  $L = 40 \text{ Log D} - 20 \text{ Log H}_{T}H_{R}$ 

#### Radar

$$S/N = 17 + P_T + G_T + 10 LOG A_T + G_R - L_S - 40 Log R - 20 Log F - P_N$$

#### **Interference Analysis:**

$$I/N = P_{TP} + 10Log [(DC) (BWCF)] + G_{TR} - L_{T} - (-28 + 20LogF + 20 Log D) + G_{RT} - L_{R} - (-174 + NF + 10LogBW)$$

S/N = Signal to Noise Ratio (dB)

 $G_{T}$  = Gain of TX Antenna (dB)

L = Propagation Loss (dB)

 $L_R$  = System Loss at RX (dB)

F = Frequency (MHz)

 $H_{T}$  = Height of TX Antenna (meters)

 $H_R$  = Height of RX Antenna (meters)

 $P_{TP}$  = Peak UWB Power (dBm)

BW = RX Bandwidth (Hz)

PW = Pulse Width (Seconds)

BWCF = 0 for BW > 1/PW

BWCF = (PRF) (PW) for BW < PRF

 $G_{TR}$  = Gain of TX Antenna in Direction of RX

 $A_T$  = Radar Cross Section (m<sup>2</sup>)

R = Range (meters)

 $P_{\tau}$  = TX Power (dBm)

 $L_T$  = System Loss at the TX (dB)

 $G_{R}$  = Gain of RX Antenna (dB)

 $P_N = RX Input Noise (dBm)$ 

D = Distance (meters)

 $P_N$  = Receiver Noise (dBm)

= -174 + NF + 10 Log BW (Hz)

NF = RX Noise Figure (dB)

DC = Duty Cycle = (PW) (PRF)

PRF = Pulse Repetition Rate (pps)

BWCF = (BW) (PW) for BW > PRF

I/N = Interference to Noise in dB

 $G_{RT}$  = Gain of RX Antenna in Direction of TX

 $L_S$  = Total System Loss (dB)



# Hand Held Communications

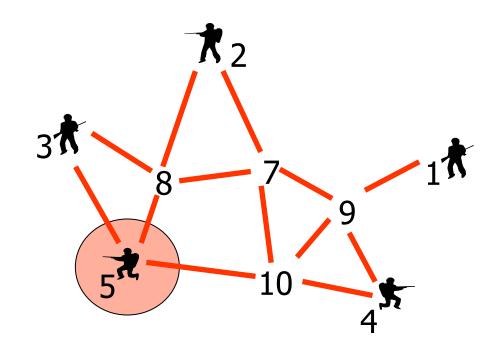


#### **UWB Link Data**

Range Data Rate S/N@ Max Range Peak Power Pulse Width Center Frequency Bandwidth Antenna Gain Antenna Height	500 m 10 kbps 10 dB 14 dBm 5 nsec 300 MHz 200 MHZ 2 dB 2 m
Antenna Height	2 m
System Loss	1 dB
Noise Figure	1 dB

## **EMI to Legacy Systems**

EMI Zone	20 m
I/N	6 dB
Noise Figure	10 dB
Band Width	25 kHz
Antenna Gain	2 dB
Antenna Height	2 m
System Loss	1 dB



## Implementations:

- Tactical Combat Network
- Robust Operations in Urban and Multipath
- On-the-move Unit Communications
- Precision Timing / Geo-Localization



# High Data Rate – Short Range

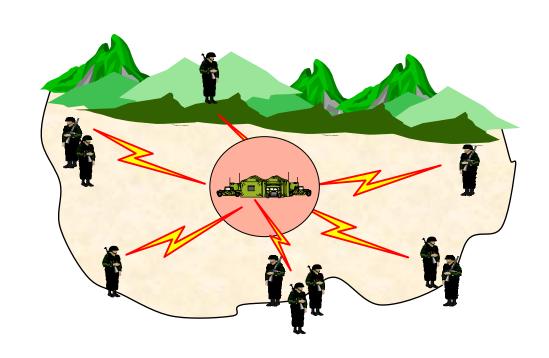


#### **UWB Link Data**

Range	100 m
Data Rate	10 Mbps
S/N@ Max Range	7 dB
Peak Power	10 dBm
Pulse Width	1 nsec
Center Frequency	6.5 GHz
Bandwidth	1 GHZ
Antenna Gain	2 dB
Antenna Height	2 m
System Loss	1 dB
Noise Figure	1 dB

### **EMI to Legacy Systems**

EMI Zone	10 m
I/N	-9 dB
Noise Figure	5 dB
Band Width	5 MHz
Antenna Gain	-10 dB
Antenna Height	2 m
System Loss	1 dB



## Implementations:

- Unit Level Integrated Operational Picture
- Video to Foxhole
- Remote Surveillance Network



# **UWB** Radar

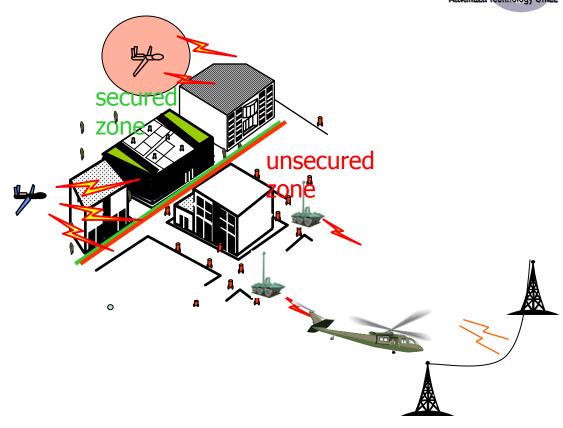


#### **UWB Radar**

Range	500 m
Radar Cross Section	1 m <sup>2</sup>
Pulse Repetition Rate	10 Kpps
S/N@ Max Range	2 dB
Peak Power	40 dBm
Pulse Width	1 nsec
Center Frequency	6.5 GHz
Bandwidth	1 GHZ
Antenna Gain	24 dB
Antenna Height	2 m
Noise Figure	1 dB
Total System Loss	2 dB

## **EMI to Legacy Systems**

EMI Zone	10 m
I/N	-21 dB
Noise Figure	5 dBm
Band Width	5 MHz
Antenna Gain	-10 dB
Antenna Height	2 m
System Loss	1 dB



## Implementations:

- High Resolution Imaging
  - Through the Wall
  - Human detection
- Micro UAV/ROV Collision Avoidance
- Wire Detection



# **UWB Personnel Radar**



## **UWB Radar**

Range Radar Cross Section Pulse Repetition Rate S/N@ Max Range Peak Power Pulse Width Center Frequency Bandwidth Antenna Gain Antenna Height	100 m 1 m <sup>2</sup> 100 pps 6.6 dB 50 dBm 3.3 nsec 850 MHz 300 MHZ 2 dB 2 m
Antenna Gain	2 dB
Noise Figure Total System Loss	1 dB 1 dB

## **EMI to Legacy Systems**

EMI Zone	10 m
I/N	20 dB
Noise Figure	5 dBm
Band Width	6 MHz
Antenna Gain	2 dB
Antenna Height	2 m
System Loss	1 dB



## Implementation:

• Personnel Detection



# Overall Summary of Preliminary EMI Test Results



- EMI Impact is related to the Average UWB Power in the Narrowest Receiver Passband
- For Most Conditions EMI Impact for UWB Signal is Approximately the Same as White Noise
- UWB Waveforms with Low PRFs Do Not Impact Performance
- UWB Waveforms with High PRFs Impact Performance Only When Spectral Component is at or Near Receiver Frequency
- Spectral Mask Defines UWB Susceptibility Threshold for Legacy Systems
- UWB Systems Can Support Militarily Useful Functions and Can Coexist With Legacy Systems Without Creating EMI